

CLASS – XI

WORKSHEET (MICRO-ECONOMICS)

(MULTIPLE CHOICE QUESTIONS)

Q1. Economics is the study of:-

- a. How society manages its unlimited resources.
- b. How to reduce our wants until we are satisfied
- c. How society manages its scarce resources which have alternative uses.
- d. How society to full satisfy our limited wants.

Q2. In which situation, can PPC be a straight line:-

- a. When MRT is decreasing
- B. when MRT is increasing
- c. When MRT is constant
- d. None of these

Q3. Which of the following economics problem deals with technique of production:-

- a. what to produce.
- b. how to produce.
- c. for whom to produce
- d. none of these

Q4. Production possibility curve is concave to the origin because of :-

- a. increasing MRT
- b. Diminishing MRT
- c. constant MRT
- d. none of these.

Q5. A point inside the PPF indicates:-

- a. fuller utilisation of resources.
- b. underutilisation of resources.
- c. Unattainable combination.
- d None of these.

Q6. Opportunity cost is the:-

- a. number of units sacrificed

- b. number of units gained.
- c. cost of next best alternatives foregone.
- d. none of these.

Q7. which economics problem involves selection of category of people who will ultimately consume the goods:-

- a. how to produce
- b. for whom to produce.
- c. what to produce
- d. none of these.

Q8. Which of the following is related to microeconomics.

- a. inflation in the economy.
- b. unemployment.
- c. national income.
- d. wages of workers.

Q9. Which of the following is a cause of economic problem.

- a. scarcity of resources.
- b. Unlimited wants
- c. alternative uses
- d. all of these

Q10. which of the following is not a central problem of economy.

- a. how to produce
- b. when to produce.
- c. what to produce
- d. for whom to produce.

Q11. what does the movement on the same Demand curve show.

- a. Extension or contraction in demand
- b. A fall in demand
- c. A rise in demand
- d. None of above.

Q12. which of the following is an example of complimentary goods.

- a. tea and coffee
- b. coke and pepsi
- c. rice and wheat
- d. none of these

Q13. There will be ain the demand curve of cars with an increase in the price of petrol.

- A. rightward shift
- b. upward movement
- c. leftward shift
- d. downward movement.

Q14. The law of demand does not hold good for.....

- a. giffen goods.
- b. normal goods.
- c. complementary goods
- d. superior goods

Q15. The relative response of a change in quantity demanded to a change in price is known as

- a. Elasticity of demand
- b. Elasticity of supply
- c. elasticity of production
- d. elasticity of price

Q16. According to this method ,elasticity is measured as the ratio of percentage change in the quantity demanded to percentage change in the price ,identify the method.

- a. geometric method
- b percentage method
- c .total expenditure method
- d.are method

Q17.Which of the following productis likely to have inelastic demand.

- a. food grains
- b. fan
- c. coke
- d. ice cream

Q18. Demand for the commodity with a large numbers of subsitutes will be

- a. less elastic
- b. more elastic
- c unitary eastic
- d inelastic

Q19.Which of the following product is expected to have inelastic demand,

- a. match box
- b . Ac
- c. coke
- d. electricity

Q20. which of the following influence price elasticity of demand.

- a. nature of the commodity
- b. income level
- c. availability of substitutes
- d. all of these.

Q21. Explain the concept of change in demand and change in quantity.

Q22. Difference between individual and market demand curve.

Q23. Explain the properties of Indifference curve.

Q24. Explain the central problem of an economy.

Q25. Explain the cardinal and ordinal utility approach.

Q26. Compare different types of goods.

Q27. Factor affecting price elasticity of demand .

Q28. Explain the concept of Budget line with the help of diagram.

Q29. DO any 5 numerical related to price elasticity of demand. with the help of percentage method.

Q30. Explain with the help of diagrams the effect of the following changes on the demand of a commodity:

- a) A fall in the price of complementary good.
- b) A rise in the price of substitute good.

HOLIDAYS HOMEWORK

SUBJECT-POLITICAL SCIENCE

CLASS- XI

Read the chapters from 1 to 4(Book-1) in detail and answer the following questions.

Q1 Describe in detail about the meaning, functions and importance of Indian constitution.

Q2 Describe in detail all the fundamental rights given in the Indian constitution.

Q3 Write down all the fundamental duties of Indian citizens

Q4 What are directive principles of state policy?

Q5 Write a detailed note on powers and functions of election commission of India.

Q6 What are permanent and non-permanent executives? Explain in detail.

Q7 Discuss about all major writs given in the Indian constitution.

Q8 Read the chapters and write down extra questions and answers from within the chapters discussed in the class room.

Q9 Memorise the questions and answers discussed in the class room.

QUESTIONS REGARDING THE GENERAL STUDIES.

Q 1 Prepare a brief power point presentation on the parliamentary elections 2019.

Q2 Write and memorise the names of all the cabinet ministers in power.

Q3 Write and memorise the names of chief ministers of all the states of India.

Q4 Describe in brief about the history of J&K state.

Q5 Listen to the news daily and read news paper.

Q6 Describe in brief about all the national political parties of India.

Q6 Locate and mark all the states and their capital cities on political map of India. Also mark union territories of India.

